



Community HIV Providers and the Scale-up of DSD Services in Zambia

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HIV LEARNING NETWORK The CQUIN Project for Differentiated Service Delivery





Presentation Outline



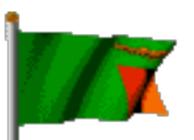
- Introduction & Developmental Direction
- Situational Analysis
- MoH's Response
 - Community Health Assistants (CHAs)
 - Community Health Strategy (CHS)
- Scale up of DSD Services



Introduction

• Mission:

- Equity of access to cost-effective quality health services as <u>close to</u> the family as possible.
- Vision:
 - A Nation of <u>Healthy</u> and <u>Productive</u> Population
- Goal:
 - Improve the <u>Health Status</u> of the people to contribute to socioeconomic development.





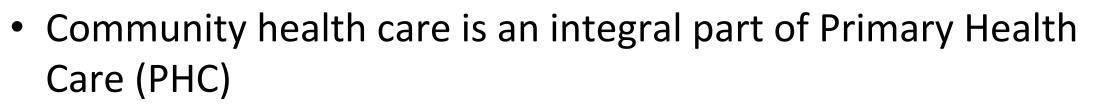
Developmental Direction

- The Government of the Republic of Zambia (GRZ) is committed to providing universal, quality and equitable health care services to the people of Zambia
- The National Health Strategic Plan (NHSP) is the main strategic driver for guiding the implementation of the health sector agenda and allocation of resources to sector priorities
- NHSP (2017-2021) promotes community health work explicitly and frames the Community Health Strategy (CHS) which stands on its own





COMMUNITY HEALTH STRATEGY KEY TO A RESILIENT HEALTH CARE SYSTEM



 Essential for MoH through DHO in the decentralised context to ensure effective and efficient community health service delivery through frontline workers (formal setting & informal voluntary)



Primary Health Care

First level of contact of individual, family and community with health care system. It is <u>most effective</u> and <u>close</u> to the people and includes:

- Community level
- Health Post
- Health Centres
- Level 1 Hospitals





Situation Analysis: Community Based Volunteers (CBVs)

- Zambia has been facing scarcity in human resources for health.
- Shortages of health workers are experienced at every service delivery level, including the primary level which also serves with outreach interventions to the communities
- The last decade has seen delivery of health services through community participation increasingly fragmented;
 - Contents and quality of services
 - Coordination mechanisms
 - Organisational structures





Situational analysis – Cont'd

- Supportive mechanism has been very weak due to the clinical demands on the formal health sector
- CBV lack an acknowledged regulatory framework and binding operational guidelines though they are guided by NHC and HCCs





CBVs: MoH's Response

- The HRH scarcity made it essential for community health institutions to have sufficient numbers of Community Based Volunteers (CBV) to assist the formal sector
- The CBV existing groups have been fragmented over the last decade in terms of quality and training levels
- In 2010, MoH introduced a cadre of Community Health Assistants (CHAs) to:
 - Expand available cadre of frontline workers in formal health sector
 - Serve as a link to the informal sector





CBVs -MoH's Response

- Formulation of the Community Health Strategy (CHS)
- Finalised only this year 2018
- Launch planned for July 2018



SOMETHING UNEXPECTED HAPPENED ALONG THE WAY



Community Health Strategy

- Tool for districts to engage communities, families and individuals to take responsibility for improving their own health status
- Provides guidance for engaging individuals, organisations & community leaders to improve the outcome of treatment of priority diseases
- Implementation with support of CP

Key Issues

- Empower communities to take responsibility of their own for improving their own
- Provide synergy to the community, health systems and leverage resources



Community Health Strategy

Expected to provide:

- Strengthening Systems, Coordination, Planning, Development & Management.
- Focus on Quality Vs Quantity.
- Community Participation
- Re-definition of service delivery Package.
- Remuneration, Supervision.
- Community health management information system + surveillance
- Inter-sectoral Collaboration
- Galvanize around determinants of Health
- Financing for Community Health.
- Strengthen referral Systems



The Transformation Agenda

- Shifting entry point from Health Facility to Household / Community!
- Community Health Assistant

CHAs is now an established program with 1900 trained. Decentralised scale up planned

• The Transformational Agenda is directly linked to the Community Health Strategy.



Scale up of DSD Services

- Draft scale up plan is in place
- Scale up to be initiated under the 'fragmented' community participation environment
- Scale to be done in a phased out approach
- No of ART patients (Dec 2017) 851,017

Targets

By Dec 2019

- 20% of stable patients on cART to be enrolled in DSD
 - 34,800 patients



