

Quality Standards Framework for Advanced HIV Disease Service Delivery

1 Introduction

Given the increased need to focus on the recipients of care at substantial risk of advanced HIV disease (AHD), the *CQUIN Quality Standards Framework for Advanced HIV Disease Service Delivery* is recommended for use at all service delivery points where AHD can be identified and managed as per the guidance for each standard. As a best practice, all health facilities and community service delivery models providing HIV testing services (HTS) and antiretroviral therapy (ART) should be able to, at a minimum, endeavour to identify people with AHD and link them to appropriate AHD service delivery. In addition, a robust and well understood network of AHD service delivery points consisting of hubs and spokes (see 1.1 below) is needed at scale to realize the benefits of a significant reduction in morbidity and mortality associated with AHD. These *CQUIN Quality Standards Framework for Advanced HIV Disease Service Delivery* also lay out key quality standards at the national level in establishing the AHD hub and spoke model of care. Lastly, the training and mentorship, supply chain management system, advocacy communication and social mobilization, monitoring and evaluation quality standards address key AHD system quality standards needed to support provision of quality AHD service delivery at scale.

1.1 The hub and spoke model of AHD service delivery

Suggested definition for hubs for countries to adapt - hospital level facilities where comprehensive packages of AHD care can be implemented with clinical expertise in management of AHD patients with danger signs, appropriate storage facilities, laboratory capacity (timely and reliable laboratory monitoring e.g., renal function monitoring; basic microbiology including CSF culture) and will serve as referral sites for spokes to manage patients in need of hospitalization and regular monitoring e.g., in treatment of cryptococcal meningitis.

Suggested definition for spokes for countries to adapt - include primary health care facilities and hospitals with limited clinical expertise and diagnostic capacity for AHD care and limited to no storage capacity (including cold chain) for AHD commodities. In addition, the spokes will offer outpatient and routine care to clinically well AHD patients and refer AHD patients with danger signs in need of in-patient care to hubs within their proximity.

1.2 Key consideration in using the AHD quality standards:

These CQUIN Quality Standards Framework for Advanced HIV Disease Service Delivery should be used jointly with the CQUIN Quality Standards Framework for Less Intensive Models. All health facilities providing AHD services should, in addition to establishing AHD quality management systems, also have functional HIV quality management systems that include differentiated service delivery (DSD) quality standards (national or otherwise); routinely assess whether they are meeting those standards; and use quality improvement methods to improve performance when they are not meeting standards.

1.3 Organization of the AHD standards:

These AHD quality standards are organized as follows:

- 1. Clinical AHD standards
- 2. Training and mentorship AHD standards
- 3. Hub and spoke model AHD standards
- 4. Supply chain management system AHD standards
- 5. Advocacy, communication, and social mobilization AHD standards
- 6. Monitoring and evaluation AHD standards

1.4 Quality Assessment Standard Operating Procedures for Advanced HIV Disease

1.4.1 Considerations for in-country adaptation:

- Add or delete standards that are not relevant to your country's context.
- Update the language used throughout the tool based on your country's terminologies and definitions of AHD.
- Update the timeframes and dates used throughout the standards based on your country's specific timeframes used as stipulated in your DSD guidelines and/or DSD operational manuals e.g., AHD Clinical Standards in section 2.1 requires countries to indicate the recommended national timing for AHD screening and OI screening, diagnosis, and management.

1.4.2 Considerations for planning:

- Ensure that national / local protocols for site assessment visits are followed, including obtaining the required permissions from MOH, facility and community leadership.
- Balance rigor and practicality when planning site selection more sites will give more generalizable information, but focusing on fewer high-volume sites with large numbers of people on ART will also be informative.
- Consider how you want to collect and manage data obtained during the assessment.
 - Quality indicators in the assessment tool covers National, Health facility and community levels.
 - National level indicators are highlighted in yellow and under sections 3.3 and 3.5.
 - Health facility level indicators are highlighted in blue under sections 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4 & 3.6.
 - o Community level indicators are highlighted in green under section 3.4.

1.4.3 Who should conduct these assessments?

- National level assessors should be the national AHD Coordinator or the national Quality Improvement Coordinator
- Health Facility level assessors should be Quality Improvement Team Lead, Health Facility In charge, District or County Quality Improvement Mentors, District or County AHD Leads
- Community level assessors should be CSO Leads, Health Facility QIT members, or Community Liaisons

1.4.4 Collecting and submitting the responses for analysis and widescale dissemination

- The national AHD Coordinator or the national Quality Improvement Coordinator will coordinate this assessment to ensure that all levels complete their assessment within a stipulated time period.
- Complete the indicators by circling the appropriate response and attaching the applicable supporting documents where applicable.
- Submit the responses the national AHD Coordinator or the national Quality Improvement Coordinator, adhering to the agreed upon timelines and in-country submission protocols.
- Once all the responses are received by the national AHD Coordinator or the national Quality Improvement Coordinator, they will collate these into a summative report for in country and global dissemination.

2 <u>AHD quality standards for Advanced HIV Disease Service Delivery</u>

2.1 AHD Clinical Standards

Advanced HIV Disease clinical standards are defined as:

- 1. All persons at risk of Advanced HIV Disease (newly diagnosed initiating ART, presenting with an illness requiring admission, children under five diagnosed with HIV, viremic, and returning to treatment) should be promptly* assessed for AHD using a CD4 test in addition to a comprehensive review of the clinical history and physical examination
- 2. All people with AHD should receive prompt* diagnostic testing for TB with rapid molecular tests (TB-LAM and Xpert MTB/rif assay)
- 3. All people with AHD should be screened for TPT eligibility, and if eligible, should be offered TPT
- 4. All people with AHD and diagnosed with TB disease, should receive immediate* TB treatment

- 5. All people with AHD should be promptly* screened for cryptococcal meningitis (CM) using serum CrAg
- 6. All PLHIV with a positive sCrAg should receive prompt* diagnostic testing with CSF CrAg
- 7. All people with AHD with a positive sCrAg and a negative CSF CrAg should receive prompt* preemptive CM treatment as part of standard of care. This should be initiated within 24 hours
- 8. All people with AHD with a positive sCrAg and a positive CSF CrAg should receive prompt* CM treatment as part of standard of care. This should be initiated within 24 hours

2.2 Training & Mentorship Standards:

- 1. All health facilities providing care to PLHIV with AHD should have a minimum of two healthcare workers formally trained (certified) and skilled (experienced) to provide AHD services and who routinely manage PLHIV with AHD
- 2. All providers of AHD services should receive routine mentorship support (regular physical, virtual, online courses on AHD) from district or county mentors on a monthly/quarterly basis
- 3. All facilities providing AHD services should have SOPs to guide AHD service delivery
- 4. All facilities providing AHD services should conduct regularly weekly scheduled clinical case review meetings (content should include morbidity and mortality review information)

2.3 Hub and Spoke Model Standards:

- 1. All HF providing ART should routinely screen all ROCs at substantial risk of HIV disease progression (newly diagnosed initiating ART, presenting with an illness requiring admission, children under five diagnosed with HIV, viremic, and returning to treatment) for AHD using a CD4 test
- 2. All HF should have systematic processes (such as referral SOPs and an updated national directory of AHD services) to aid in referral to AHD services that are not available on site
- 3. All HF providing AHD services should have systematic processes (such as clinical algorithms) to assess and identify ROC who develop medical conditions requiring management beyond the HF level of care (referral to secondary and tertiary HF)
- 4. All HF providing AHD services should have systematic processes to assess, identify and support ROC with AHD requiring additional care (such as adherence to treatment and psychosocial support) in the community (community service delivery)
- 5. All HF providing AHD services should promptly* refer identified complex cases to an appropriate treatment centre (referral to secondary and tertiary HF)
- 6. All HF providing in-patient care to PLHIV with AHD should have comprehensive discharge / downward referral SOPs

2.4 Advocacy, Communication and Social Mobilization Standards:

- 1. All AHD service delivery demand creation activities should be developed and implemented in partnership with ROC.
- 2. All HF providing AHD services should have tailored ROC demand creation activities for AHD services provided in partnership with ROC (AHD Peer educators).
- 3. All community AHD awareness programs should be provided in partnership with ROC.
- 4. All community led monitoring programs should include monitoring of AHD service delivery

2.5 Supply Chain Management Systems Standards:

1. All HF should have adequate stocks of the prerequisite AHD pharmaceutical commodities in line with the national hub and spoke commodity SOP (particularly TB and CM management and prophylactic commodities) to cover the course of OI treatment

- 2. All HF should have adequate stocks of the prerequisite AHD laboratory commodities in line with the national hub and spoke commodity SOP (CD4 testing as well as TB and CM diagnostic and monitoring commodities)
- 3. All AHD HF hubs should have functional laboratory equipment to support AHD services (CD4 test, TB LAM, Xpert MTB/rif assay, CrAg, Biochemistry)

2.6 Monitoring and Evaluation Standards:

- 1. All HF implementing AHD services should have appropriate national M&E tools and reporting structures
- 2. The national AHD M&E system should allow for disaggregation by age and gender to allow for all populations at substantial risk of AHD including <u>children</u> to be tracked separately

3 Quality Indicators for Advanced HIV Disease Service Delivery

Coding of the AHD indicators

National Level Indicators
Health Facility Level Indicators – Hub and Spoke
Community Level Indicators

3.1 AHD Clinical Standards and Indicators

[Assessed at the health facility level]

Quality Standard 1: All people at risk of Advanced HIV Disease (newly diagnosed initiating ART, presenting with an illness requiring admission, children under five diagnosed with HIV, viremic, and returning to treatment) should be promptly* assessed for AHD using a CD4 cell count test in addition to a comprehensive review of the clinical history and physical examination

Process Indicators		
1.1	Which of the following best describes the availability of SOPs to guide assessment of at-risk PLHIV for AHD?	1= Dark Green
	1. The HF has written SOPs, a physical copy is available on the day of the visit, and the SOPs include (a)	2 = Yellow
	guidance that people in all five at-risk groups should be assessed for AHD, (b) clearly defined criteria for	3 = Red
	AHD diagnosis (including elements from history and physical examination), and (c) the timeframe** for	
	AHD assessment	
	2. The HF has written SOPs that are available on the day of visit, but they do not include all three elements (A,	
	B & C) above	
	3. Written SOPs are not available on the day of visit	
	Data source = direct observation of clinic SOPs.	
1.2	Which of the following best describes the HF's capacity to provide CD4 testing?	1 = Dark Green
	1. The HF has the functional equipment, supplies, and staff required to provide on-site CD4 testing today,	2 – Light Green
	either via rapid test or onsite laboratory services	3= Yellow
	2. The HF can collect a blood specimen for CD4 testing today and has SOPs and systems to guide specimen	4 = Orange
	transport and results return with an average monthly TAT of 72 hours	5 = Red
	3. The HF can collect a blood specimen for CD4 testing today and has SOPs and systems to guide specimen	
	transport and results return with an average monthly TAT of 1 week	
	4. The HF has systems and SOPs in place to refer clients to an off-site location for CD4 testing	
	5. The HF does not have any CD4 testing capability (i.e., any of the above services)	

	Data source = interview of clinical and laboratory staff; review of specimen referral SOPs if needed; review of CD4 / sample collection	
	register	
Outcome Indi	cators	
1.3	Proportion of PLHIV at risk of AHD (newly diagnosed initiating ART, presenting with an illness requiring admission,	> 90% = Dark
	CLHIV <5 years, viremic, and returning to treatment) presenting at this health facility assessed for advanced HIV	Green
	disease	80-90% = Light
	Data source: Patient files / medical chart / EMR	Green
	Numerator = Number of PLHIV at risk of AHD assessed for advanced HIV disease using CD4 cell count in the last 12 months prior	< 80% = Yellow
	to assessment.	If unavailable =
	Denominator = Number of PLHIV at risk of AHD in the last 12 months prior to assessment.	Red

**This refers to the time from when someone is identified be in a risk group (or the time someone in a risk group presents to clinic) to the time when they are assessed for AHD

Quality Standard assay)	2: All people with AHD should receive prompt* diagnostic testing for TB with rapid molecular tests (TB-LAM ar	nd Xpert MTB/rif
Process Indicator	rs	
2.1	 Which of the following best describes the availability of written SOPs to guide TB screening and diagnosis? 1. The HF has written SOPs, a physical copy is available on the day of the visit, and the SOPs include (a) guidance that all clients with AHD should receive diagnostic testing for TB with rapid molecular tests; (b) instructions for how and where the testing should be performed; and (c) a timeframe** in which the testing should be completed 2. The HF has written SOPs that are available on the day of visit, but they do not include all three elements (A, B & C) above 3. Written SOPs are not available on the day of the visit 	1= Dark Green 2 = Yellow 3 = Red
2.2	 Which of the following best describes the HF's capacity to provide rapid molecular testing for TB? 1. The HF has the functional equipment, supplies, and staff required to provide on-site rapid molecular testing today 	1 = Dark Green 2 = Light Green 3 = Yellow 4 = Red

	 The HF can collect a specimen for testing today and has SOPs and systems to guide specimen transport and results return within 48 hours The HF has systems and SOPs in place to refer clients to an off-site location for TB-LAM and Xpert MTB/rif assay with an average monthly TAT of 1 week The HF does not have any access onsite or off-site to TB molecular testing capability (TB-LAM and Xpert MTB/rif assay) Data source = interview of clinical and laboratory staff; review of specimen referral SOPs if needed. 	
Outcome Ind	licators	
2.4	In the past 12 months what proportion of people with AHD have a documented result of a TB rapid molecular test within 24 hours of AHD diagnosis Data source = clinic records. Numerator = Number of people with AHD identified in the last 12 months with a TB test done within 24 hours of AHD diagnosis. Denominator = Number of people with AHD identified in the last 12 months	> 90% = Dark Green 80-90% = Light Green < 80% = Yellow If unavailable = Red

**This refers to the time from when someone is identified to have AHD to the time a sample is collected for testing with TB-LAM and Xpert MTB/rif assay

Quality Standard 3:	Quality Standard 3: All people with AHD should be screened for TPT eligibility, and if eligible, should be offered TPT		
Process Indicators			
3.1	 Which of the following best describes the availability of written SOPs to guide assessment of TPT <i>eligibility</i>? 1. The HF has written SOPs, a physical copy is available on the day of the visit, and the SOPs include (a) a definition of which AHD clients are eligible for TPT including contraindications; (b) screening guidance, including required elements of medical history review, clinical assessment, psychosocial assessment, and laboratory testing (if required) 2. The HF has written SOPs that are available on the day of visit, but they do not include both elements (A & B) above 3. Written SOPs are not available on the day of the visit 		

3.2	Which of the following best describes the availability of written SOPs to guide TPT <i>delivery</i> ?	1= Dark Green
	1. The HF has written SOPs, a physical copy is available on the day of the visit, and the SOPs include (a) guidance	2 = Yellow
	for TPT regimen, dosing, and duration; (b) guidance for providing TPT adherence support to clients; and (c)	3 = Red
	guidance for adverse events/side effects monitoring	
	2. The HF has written SOPs that are available on the day of visit, but they do not include all three elements (A,	
	B & C) above	
	3. Written SOPs are not available on the day of the visit	
	Data source = direct observation of clinic SOPs.	
3.3	Which of the following best describes the HF's capacity to provide TPT?	1 = Dark Green
	1. The HF has had no stockouts AND has initiated all eligible RoC on TPT in the last 3 months	2 = Yellow
	2. The HF has had stockouts AND has not consistently initiated all eligible RoC on TPT in the last 3 months	3 = Orange
	3. The HF can refer eligible clients to an off-site location for TPT	4 = Red
	4. The HF cannot provide TPT to RoC	
	Data source = TPT register and pharmacy register; interview of clinical and pharmacy staff, review of client referral SOPs if needed	
Outcome In		
3.4	Proportion of PLHIV with AHD eligible for TPT who were initiated on TPT in the last 12 months	> 90% = Dark
	Data source = TPT register.	Green
	Numerator = Number of people with AHD eligible for TPT initiated on TPT within the last 12 months	80-90% = Light
	Denominator = Number of people with AHD eligible for TPT in the last 12 months prior to assessment.	Green
		< 80% = Yellow
		If unavailable =
		Red

Quality Standard 4: All people with AHD and diagnosed with TB disease, should receive immediate* TB treatment		
Process Indicators		
4.1	 Which of the following best describes the availability of written SOPs to guide TB treatment? 1. The HF has written SOPs, a physical copy is available on the day of the visit, and the SOPs include guidance for (a) assessing treatment readiness; (b) screening for contraindications; (c) optimal treatment regimen, dosing, and dispensing intervals; (d) clinical follow up, including screening for side effects and adverse events; (e) adherence counselling and support. 	1= Dark Green 2 = Yellow 3 = Red

	 The HF has written SOPs that are available on the day of the visit, but they do not include all five elements (A-E above) Written SOPs are not available on the day of the visit Data source = direct observation of clinic SOPs.	
4.2	Which of the following best describes the HF's capacity to provide TB treatment?	1 = Dark Green
	1. The HF has had no stockouts AND has initiated all eligible RoC on TB treatment in the last 3 months	2 = Yellow
	2. The HF has had stockouts AND has not consistently initiated all eligible RoC on TB treatment in the last 3	3 = Orange
	months	4 = Red
	3. The HF can refer eligible clients to an off-site location for TB treatment	
	4. The HF cannot provide TB treatment to RoC	
	Data source = TB register and pharmacy register; interview of clinical and pharmacy staff, review of client referral SOPs if needed	
Outcome Indi	cators	•
4.3	Proportion of RoC diagnosed with TB who were initiated on TB treatment within 24 hours of diagnosis in the last 12	> 90% = Dark
	months.	Green
	Data source = clinic records.	80-90% = Light
	Numerator = Number of RoC diagnosed with TB and initiated on TB treatment within 24 hours of diagnosis in the last 12 months.	Green
	Denominator = Number of RoC diagnosed with TB in the last 12 months	< 80% = Yellow
		If unavailable =
		Red

* TB treatment should be initiated as soon as TB diagnosis is confirmed

Quality Standard 5:	All people with AHD should be promptly* screened for cryptococcal meningitis (CM) using serum CrAg	
Process Indicators		
5.1	Which of the following best describes the availability of written SOPs to guide screening with serum CrAg?	1= Dark Green
	1. The HF has written SOPs, a physical copy is available on the day of the visit, and the SOPs include (a) guidance	2 = Yellow
	that all clients with AHD should be screened for CM using serum CrAg; (b) instructions for how and where	3 = Red
	the testing should be performed; and (c) a timeframe** in which the testing should be completed	
	2. The HF has written SOPs that are available on the day of visit, but they do not include all three elements (A,	
	B & C) above	
	3. Written SOPs are not available on the day of the visit	

	Data source = direct observation of clinic SOPs.	
5.2	 Which of the following best describes the HF's capacity to provide serum CrAg screening? 1. The HF has the functional equipment, supplies, and staff required to provide on-site serum CrAg testing today 2. The HF can collect a blood specimen for serum CrAg testing today and has SOPs and systems to guide specimen transport and results return within 48 hours 3. The HF has systems and SOPs in place to refer eligible clients to an off-site location for serum CrAg screening with an average monthly TAT of 1 week 4. The HF does not have any serum CrAg testing capability (i.e., any of the above services) 	1 = Dark Green 2 = Light Green 3 = Orange 4 = Red
Outcome Indicator	Data source = interview of clinical and laboratory staff, review of client referral SOPs if needed	
5.3	Proportion of people with AHD that were promptly screened for CM using serum CrAG. Data source = clinic records. Numerator = Number of people with AHD that were screened for CM within 24 hours of AHD diagnosis in the last 12 months Denominator = Number of people with AHD identified in the last 12 months	 > 90% = Dark Green 80-90% = Light Green < 80% = Yellow If unavailable = Red

**This refers to the time from when someone is identified to have AHD to the time a sample is collected for screening for CM using serum CrAg

Quality Standard 6:	All PLHIV with a positive sCrAg should receive prompt* diagnostic testing with CSF CrAg	
Process Indicators		
6.1	Which of the following best describes the availability of written SOPs to guide CSF CrAg testing?	1= Dark Green
	1. The HF has written SOPs, a physical copy is available on the day of the visit, and the SOPs include (a) guidance	2 = Yellow
	that all clients with AHD and a positive serum CrAg should receive diagnostic testing with CSF CrAg; (b)	3 = Red
	instructions for how and where the testing should be performed; and (c) a timeframe** in which the testing	
	should be completed	
	2. The HF has written SOPs that are available on the day of visit, but they do not include all three elements (A,	
	B & C) above	
	3. Written SOPs are not available on the day of the visit	

	Data source = direct observation of clinic SOPs.	
6.2	 Which of the following best describes the HF's capacity to provide CSF CrAg screening? 1. The HF has the functional equipment, supplies, and staff required to provide on-site CSF CrAg testing today 2. The HF has systems and SOPs in place to refer eligible clients to an off-site location for CSF CrAg screening 3. The HF does not have any serum CrAg testing capability (i.e., any of the above services) Data source = interview of clinical and laboratory staff, review of client referral SOPs if needed 	1 = Dark Green 2 = Yellow 3 = Red
Outcome Indi	cators	
6.3	Proportion of PLHIV with a positive serum CrAg who received prompt diagnostic test of CSF CrAg Data source = clinic records. Numerator = Number of people with AHD with a positive serum CrAg who had a CSF CrAg test within 24 hours in the last 12 months Denominator = Number of people with AHD with a positive serum CrAg in the last 12 months	> 90% = Dark Green 80-90% = Light Green < 80% = Yellow If unavailable = Red

** This refers to the time from when someone is identified to have a positive sCrAg to the time a sample is collected for CSF CrAg testing

Quality Standard 7: All people with AHD with a positive sCrAg and a negative CSF CrAg should receive prompt* pre-emptive CM treatment as part			as part	
of standard o	of standard of care. This should be initiated within 24 hours			
Process Indi	Process Indicators			
7.1	Does the facility have written SOPs to guide pre-emptive CM Treatment?	Y	Ν	
	If a physical copy of SOPs is available on the day of visit, score $= Y$. If not, score $= N$.	If "No"	score	
		Red		
		If Y, score	e Dark	
		Green		
7.2	Does the facility have enough medicines for all clients needing pre-emptive CM treatment?	Y	Ν	
	Check available stocks on the day and calculate against monthly consumption, score = Y if enough for 3 months or more. If not, score = N.	If "No"	score	
		Red		
		If Y, score	e Dark	
		Green		

7.3	In the past 6 months has the pre-emptive treatment of people with AHD, with sCrAg positive and CSF CrAg negative	Y N
	been delayed or deferred due to lack of medication/medication stockout?	If "No" score
		Dark Green
		If Y, score Red
Outcome Inc	licators	·
7.4	Proportion of people with AHD, with sCrAg positive and CSF CrAg negative, receiving pre-emptive CM treatment	> 90% = Dark
	Data source = clinic records	Green
	Numerator = Number of people with AHD with sCrAg positive and CSF CrAg negative on pre-emptive CM treatment in the last 12	80-90% = Light
	months	Green
	Denominator = Number of people with AHD with sCrAg positive and CSF CrAg negative in the last 12 months	< 80% = Yellow
		If unavailable =
		Red

Quality Standard 8: All people with AHD with a positive sCrAg and a positive CSF CrAg should receive prompt* CM treatment as part of standard of				
care. This should be initiated within 24 hours				
Process Indicators				
8.1	Which of the following best describes the availability of CM treatment?	1 = Dark Green		
	1. The facility provides CM treatment on site. [If yes, answer 8.2 and 8.3]	2 = Light Green		
	2. The facility has functional referral systems for people diagnosed with / suspected to have CM to receive CM	3 = Red		
	treatment elsewhere.			
	3. The facility does neither 1. nor 2.			
	Data source = direct observation of clinic SOPs.			
8.2	Does the facility have written SOPs to guide CM Treatment?	Y N		
	If a physical copy of SOPs is available on the day of visit, score = Y. If not, score = N.	If "No" score		
		Red		
		If Y, score Dark		
		Green		
8.3	Does the facility have enough medicines for all clients needing CM treatment?	Y N		
	Check available stocks on the day and calculate against monthly consumption, score = Y if enough for 3 months or more. If not, score = N .	If "No" score		
		Red		

		If Y, score Dark
		Green
8.4	In the past 6 months has CM treatment been delayed or deferred due to lack of medication/medication stockout?	Y N
		If "No" score
		Dark Green
		If Y, score Red
Outcome In	dicators	·
8.4	Proportion of people with AHD, with sCrAg positive and CSF CrAg positive, receiving CM treatment	> 90% = Dark
	Data source = clinic records	Green
	Numerator = Number of people with AHD with sCrAg positive and CSF CrAg positive on CM treatment in the last 12 months	80-90% = Light
	Denominator = Number of people with AHD with sCrAg positive and CSF CrAg positive in the last 12 months	Green
		< 80% = Yellow
		If unavailable =
		Red

3.2 Training & Mentorship: [Assessed at the health facility level]

	Fraining & Mentorship: ed at the health facility level]			
Quali	ty Standard 1: All health facilities providing care to recipients of care (ROCs) with AHD should have a minimum	m of two healthcare workers		
forma	lly trained (certified) and skilled (experienced) to provide AHD services and who routinely manage people with A	HD		
Process Indicators				
1.1	Is there a standard national AHD training curriculum for health care workers (clinicians, nurses, pharmacists, and	Y N		
	laboratory technicians)?	If "No" score Red		
	If a physical copy of the AHD training curriculum is available on the day of visit, score = Y. If not, score = N.	If Y, score Dark Green		
1.2	Did the health care providers attending to people with AHD receive refresher training following the latest guideline	Y N		
	revisions?	If "No" score Red		
	Data source = Health facility records and/or key informants (e.g., ask facility manager if HCWs have been trained, ask providers present on day of visit if	If Y, score Dark Green		
	they have been trained in AHD management)			
1.3	Does the facility have a standard tool/checklist to assess the competency of AHD service delivery skills among health	Y N		
	care workers?	If "No" score Red		
	If a physical copy of a standard tool/ checklist is available on the day of visit, score = Y. If not, score = N	If Y, score Dark Green		
1.4	Are there AHD guidelines in the clinic where AHD is provided?	Y N		

	If a physical copy of the AHD guidelines is available on the day of visit, score = Y. If not, score = N	If "No" score Red
		If Y, score Dark Green
Outcor	ne Indicator	· ·
1.5	Does the facility have at least two HCWs providing HIV services trained in AHD?	None score RED
	Data source = Health facility training records and individual training certification	1 HCW score Yellow
		2 or more score Dark Green

roc	ess indicators	
2.1	Does the district, county, provincial or regional AHD mentors have a routine schedule (and funding?) for providing AHD mentorship at the facility level? Check for a physical copy of the schedule for mentorship, score = Y. If not, score = N	Y N If "No" score Red If Y, score Light Green
2.2	Do these mentors have an AHD mentorship checklist/assessment tool? If a physical copy of AHD mentorship is available on the day of visit, score = Y. If not, score = N	Y N If "No" score Red If Y, score Light Green
Outc	nome Indicators	
2.3	Proportion of health care providers attending to people with AHD that received mentorship support focussed on AHD in the last 12 months. Data source = Mentorship records Numerator = Number of health care providers attending to people with AHD that received mentorship support focussed on AHD in the last 12 months Denominator = Number of health care providers attending to people with AHD in the last 12 months	> 90% = Dark Green 80-90% = Light Green < 80% = Yellow If unavailable = Red

Quality Standard 3: All facilities providing AHD services should have SOPs to guide AHD service delivery		
Process Indicators		
3.1	Does the facility have AHD SOPs?	Y N
	If a physical copy of AHD SOPs is available on the day of visit, score = Y. If not, score = N	If "No" score Red
		If Y, score Light Green
3.2	Are the SOPs available in the room where AHD services are provided?	Y N
	If a physical copy of AHD SOPs is available and clearly displayed in the room on the day of visit, score = Y. If not, score = N	If "No" score Red

If Y, score Dark Green

Qual	ity Standard 4: All facilities providing AHD services should conduct regularly - weekly - scheduled clinical case re	view meetings (content should
	de morbidity and mortality review information)	
Proc	ess Indicators	
4.1	Does the facility have a schedule for AHD clinical review meetings?	Y N
	If a physical copy for AHD clinic review meetings is available on the day of visit, score = Y. If not, score = N	If "No" score Red
		If Y, score Light Green
4.2	Does the facility have an individual assigned to lead AHD clinical review meetings?	Y N
	Data source = Health facility records and/or key informants (e.g., ask facility manager, ask providers present on day of visit)	If "No" score Red
		If Y, score Light Green
Outc	ome Indicators	
4.3	Proportion of scheduled clinical case review meetings focused on / including AHD conducted in the past 6 months	> 90% = Dark Green
	Data source = AHD clinic review meeting minutes	80-90% = Light Green
	Numerator = Number of clinic review meetings focused on / including AHD held in the last 12 months	60-80% = Yellow
	Denominator = Number of clinic review meetings held in the last 12 months	< 60% = Red

3.3 Hub and Spoke Model: [Assessed at the national level]

Quality St	Quality Standard 1: All HF providing ART should routinely screen all recipients of care at substantial risk of HIV disease progression (newly			
diagnosed initiating ART, presenting with an illness requiring admission, children under five diagnosed with HIV, viremic, and returning to				
treatment) for AHD using a CD4 test			
Process Indicator				
1.1	Does the Ministry of Health national HIV program have a system in place to track health facilities that are routinely screening PLHIV	Y N		
	at substantial risk of AHD using a CD4 test?	Yes = Dark Green		
	Data source: DHIS or National electronic data repository	No = Red		
Outcome Indicator				
1.2	Proportion of health facilities that routinely screen PLHIV at substantial risk of HIV disease progression for AHD using a	> 90% = Dark Green		
	CD4 test	80-90% = Light Green < 80% = Yellow		
	Data source: DHIS or National electronic data repository	Data not available = Red		

Numerator = Number of health facilities that screened PLHIV at substantial risk of HIV disease progression for AHD using a CD4 test	
in the latest reporting period	
Denominator = Current number of health facilities nationally	

	Quality standard 2: All HF should have systematic processes (such as referral SOPs and an updated national directory of AHD services) to aid in			
referral	referral to AHD services that are not available on site			
Process	indicator			
2.1	Does the Ministry of Health national HIV program have a national directory of AHD services system in place with referral SOPs to aid in referral to AHD services that are not available on site?	Yes = Dark Green		
	If a physical copy of SOPs is available on the day of visit, score = Y . If not, score = N .	No = Red		
2.2	Does the Ministry of Health national HIV program have a system in place to track health facilities that are routinely referring people with AHD to higher level health facilities for services that are not available onsite? <i>Data source: DHIS or National electronic data repository</i>	Y N Yes = Dark Green No = Red		
Outcome indicator				
2.3	Proportion of HF with functional referral systems for AHD services Data source: DHIS or National electronic data repository Numerator = Number of health facilities that referred people with AHD who needed a referral in the latest reporting period Denominator = Current number of health facilities nationally	> 90% = Dark Green 80-90% = Light Green < 80% = Yellow Data not available = Red		
2.4	Proportion of people with AHD who needed referrals and were successfully referred to the appropriate HF Data source: DHIS or National electronic data repository Numerator = Number of people with AHD who needed referrals and were successfully referred to the appropriate HF in the last 12 months Denominator = Number of people with AHD who needed referrals identified in the last 12 months	> 90% = Dark Green 80-90% = Light Green < 80% = Yellow Data not available = Red		

[Assessed at the HF level]

Quality s	Quality standard 3: All HF providing AHD services should have systematic processes (such as clinical algorithms) to assess and identify ROC who			
develop	develop medical conditions requiring management beyond the HF level of care (referral to secondary and tertiary HF)			
Process	Process indicator			
3.1	Is there a system in place to assess and identify ROC who develop medical conditions requiring management beyond the	Y N		
	HF level of care (referral to secondary and tertiary HF)?	If "Yes" = Dark Green		
	Data source = Check if the facility has SOPs, patient charts helping to identify patients who need more intensive services.	If "No" = Red		

	Score YES if any of these documents are available.				
Outcom	Outcome Indicators				
3.2	Proportion of people with AHD who develop medical conditions requiring management beyond the HF were successfully referred Data source: Referral register / HTS / ART / Viremic / Appointment registers Numerator = Number of people with AHD who develop medical conditions requiring management beyond the HF successfully referred to the appropriate HF in the last 12 months Denominator = Number of people with AHD who develop medical conditions requiring management beyond the HF in the last 12 months	> 90% = Dark Green 80-90% = Light Green < 80% = Yellow Data not available = Red			

Quality Standard 4: All HF providing AHD services should have systematic processes to assess, identify and support ROC with AHD requiring additional care (such as adherence to treatment and psychosocial support) in the community (community service delivery) **Process Indicator** Is there a system in place to assess, identify, and support ROC with AHD requiring additional care (such as adherence to Y Ν 4.1 treatment and psychosocial support) in the community (community service delivery)? If "Yes" = Dark Green Data source = Check if the facility has SOPs, HTS / ART / Viremic / Appointment registers, patient charts helping to identify ROC with If "No" = Red AHD requiring additional care. Score YES if any of these documents are available. **Outcome Indicator** 4.2 Proportion of ROC with AHD requiring additional care and are successfully referred to community support services Record percentage Data source: VCT / ART / Viremic registers, If unavailable = RedNumerator = Number of people with AHD requiring additional care and are successfully referred to community support services in the last 12 months Denominator = Number of people with AHD requiring additional care at home in the last 12 months.

Quality S	Quality Standard 5: All HF providing AHD services should promptly refer identified complex cases to an appropriate treatment centre (referral to				
secondar	secondary and tertiary HF)				
Process I	Process Indicator				
5.1	Is there a system in place to identify complex cases (unsuppressed VL, treatment failure, new OIs, pregnancy, young age)	Y	Ν		
	who need special care?	If "Yes" =	Dark Green		
	Data source = Check if the facility has SOPs, VL registers, patient charts helping to identify complex cases.	If "No" = 1	Red		
	Score YES if any of these documents are available.				

5.2	Does the facility have referral SOPs and an updated national directory of AHD services to aid in referral of complex cases	Y N
	to an appropriate treatment centre?	If "Yes" = Dark Green
	If a physical copy of SOPs is available on the day of visit	If "No" = Red
	Score = Y. If not, $score = N.$	
5.3	Is there a system in place to track prompt referral of identified complex cases to an appropriate treatment centre (referral	Y N
	to secondary and tertiary HF)?	If "Yes" = Dark Green
	Data source = Referral logbook, tracking tool, national directory of AHD, referral forms	If "No" = Red
Outcon	ne Indicator	
5.4	Proportion of complex cases referred to an appropriate treatment centre.	> 90% = Dark Green
	Data source: Referral register / HTS / ART / Viremic / Appointment registers	80-90% = Light Green
	Numerator = Number of complex cases successfully referred to the appropriate treatment centre in the last 12 months	< 80% = Yellow
	Denominator = Number of complex cases identified at the HF in the last 12 months	If unavailable = Red

Quality S	Quality Standard 6: All HF providing in-patient care to PLHIV with AHD should have comprehensive discharge / downward referral SOPs		
Process	Process Indicator		
6.1	Does the facility have a system in place to comprehensively discharge / ensure downward referral for people with AHD?	Y N	
	Data source = Check if the facility has SOPs, in-patient / internal referral registers, patient charts helping to identify PLHIV with AHD.	If "Yes" = Dark Green	
	Score YES if any of these documents are available.	If "No" = Red	
Outcome	Indicator		
6.2	Proportion of people with AHD discharged / downward referred from in-patient department	Record percentage	
	Data source: Internal referral register / patient chart	If unavailable = Red	
	Numerator = Number of people with AHD discharged / downward referred from in-patient department in the last 12 months		
	Denominator = Number of people with AHD admitted at the HF in the last 12 months		

3.4 Advocacy Communication and Social Mobilization [Assessed at the health facility level]

Qualit	Quality Standard 1: All AHD service delivery demand creation activities should be developed in partnership with recipients of care		
Process Indicators			
1.1	Does the facility have a hospital management team (HMT) and a multi-disciplinary team (MDT) that reviews HIV service	Y N	
	delivery including AHD service delivery and demand creation?	If "Yes" = Dark Green	
	Data source: HMT and MDT minutes that include discussions on AHD service delivery and ROC participation	If "No" = Red	

1.2	Is a recipient of care part of the membership of the HF HIV / AHD multidisciplinary team?	Y N
	Data source: Minutes of the HF AHD multidisciplinary team including the ROC participation	If "Yes" = Dark Green If "No" = Red
Outco	me Indicators	
1.3	Proportion of HF HMT and MDT meetings detailing a review the AHD services including demand creation activities	> 90% = Dark Green
	Data source: HMT minutes, MDT minutes, AHD register	80-90% = Light Green
	Numerator = Number of HMT and MDT meetings focused on AHD including demand creation activities held in the last 12 months	< 80% = Yellow
	Denominator = Number of HMT and MDT meetings focused on AHD held in the last 12 months	If unavailable = Red

Quality Standard 2: All HF providing AHD services should have tailored ROC demand creation activities for AHD services provided in partnership with ROC (AHD Peer educators).

Proces	Process Indicators		
2.1	Are the ROCs involved in the HF AHD service delivery demand creation activities such as health talks, peer to peer counselling	Y N	
	sessions, adherence support?	If "Yes" = Dark Green	
	Data source: Health talks schedule, counselling scheduling rota, service delivery rota	If "No" = Red	
Outcon	Outcome Indicators		
2.2	Proportion of people with AHD linked to a peer educator for support and routine follow-up	> 90% = Dark Green	
	Data source: ART registers and Peer Educator registers	80-90% = Light Green	
	Numerator = Number of people with AHD linked to a peer educator for support and routine follow-up in the last 12 months	< 80% = Yellow	
	Denominator = Number of people with AHD identified in the last 12 months	If unavailable = Red	

[Assessed at the community linked to a HF – hub or spoke]

Qualit	Quality Standard 3: All community AHD awareness programs should be provided in partnership with ROC		
Proces	Process Indicators		
3.1	Do the CSOs linked to the HF conduct community HIV awareness programs that incorporate AHD awareness in partnership	Y N	
	with the ROC?	If "Yes" = Dark Green	
	Data source: CSO report	If "No" = Red	
Outcome Indicators			
3.2	Proportion of community HIV awareness programs that incorporate AHD awareness held	> 90% = Dark Green	
	Data source: CSO report	80-90% = Light Green	
	Numerator = Number of community HIV awareness programs that incorporate AHD awareness held in the last 12 months	< 80% = Yellow	

	Denominator = Number of community HIV awareness programs held in the last 12 months	If unavailable = Red
3.3	Proportion of ROCs engaged in community HIV awareness programs that incorporate AHD awareness	> 90% = Dark Green
	Data source: CSO report	80-90% = Light Green
	Numerator = Number of ROCs engaged in community HIV awareness programs that incorporate AHD awareness held in the last 12 months	< 80% = Yellow
	Denominator = Number of ROCs engaged in community HIV awareness programs held in the last 12 months	If unavailable = Red
		·

4.1	Do the CSOs linked to the HF conduct community led monitoring that includes monitoring of AHD service delivery?	Y N	
	Data source: CLM report	If "Yes" = Dark Green	
		If "No" $=$ Red	
Outc	Outcome Indicators		
4.2	Proportion community led monitoring programs that incorporated AHD monitoring held	> 90% = Dark Green	
	Data source: CLM report	80-90% = Light Green	
	Numerator = Number of community led monitoring programs that incorporated AHD monitoring held in the last 12 months	< 80% = Yellow	
	Denominator = Number of community led monitoring programs held in the last 12 months	If $unavailable = Red$	

3.5 Supply Chain Management Systems: [Assessed at the national level]

	Quality Standard 1: All HF providing AHD services should have adequate stocks of AHD pharmaceutical commodities (particularly TB and Cl				
manag	management and prophylactic commodities) to cover the course of OI treatment				
Process Indicators					
1.1	Does the Ministry of Health national HIV program have a national system in place to track AHD pharmaceutical commodities	Y N			
	that are routinely used to manage people with AHD?	If "Yes" = Dark Green			
	Data source: DHIS or National electronic data repository or HIV Commodity management system	If "No" = Red			
Outcome Indicators					
1.3	Proportion of health facilities that routinely track AHD pharmaceutical commodities used to manage people with AHD	> 90% = Dark Green			
	Data source: DHIS or National electronic data repository or HIV Commodity management system	80-90% = Light Green			
	Numerator = Number of health facilities that submitted an HIV commodity consumption report that included data on AHD pharmaceutical	< 80% = Yellow			
	commodities used to manage people with AHD in the latest reporting period	If unavailable = Red			
	Denominator = Current number of health facilities nationally				

Process Indicators		
2.1	Does the Ministry of Health national HIV program have a national system in place to track AHD laboratory commodities that	Y N
	are routinely used to screen and diagnose AHD and the associated comorbid conditions?	If "Yes" = Dark Green
	Data source: DHIS or National electronic data repository or Laboratory information management system	If "No" = Red
Outcome Indicators		
2.2	Proportion of health facilities that routinely track AHD laboratory commodities used to screen and diagnose AHD and the	> 90% = Dark Green
	associated comorbid conditions	80-90% = Light Green
	Data source: DHIS or National electronic data repository or HIV Commodity management system	< 80% = Yellow
	Numerator = Number of health facilities that submitted an HIV laboratory report that included data on AHD laboratory commodities used to	If unavailable = Red
	screen and diagnose AHD and the associated comorbid conditions in the latest reporting period	
	Denominator = Current number of health facilities with laboratories nationally	

Qualit	Quality Standard 3: All AHD HF hubs managing people with AHD should have functional laboratory equipment to support AHD services			
(specifically CD4 test, TB LAM, Xpert MTB/rif assay, CrAg, Biochemistry)				
Outcome Indicators				
3.1	Proportion of AHD HF hubs managing people with AHD with functional laboratory equipment (specifically CD4 test, TB	> 90% = Dark Green		
	LAM, Xpert MTB/rif assay, CrAg, Biochemistry) to support AHD services	80-90% = Light Green		
	Data source: DHIS or National electronic data repository	< 80% = Yellow		
	Numerator = Number of AHD HF hubs managing people with AHD having functional laboratory equipment (specifically CD4 test, TB LAM,	If unavailable = Red		
	Xpert MTB/rif assay, CrAg, Biochemistry) in the latest reporting period			
	Denominator = Current number of AHD hubs nationally			

3.6 Monitoring and Evaluation for AHD:

[Assessed at the health facility level]

Quality Standard 1: M&E for AHD includes data collection and reporting of necessary patient information at facility level and strategic use of data to review program performance Process Indicators

1.1	Does the facility collect and report at least one element of the AHD package, such as diagnostic tests for key OIs ¹ (i.e., CD4	Y N	
1.1	testing, Xpert MTB/Rif assay, TB LAM, CrAg), their prophylaxis ² and treatment?	If "Yes" = Dark Green	
	teoting, repert millo, fui acouy, ilo initi, orrig, then propriymato and deathent.		
	Data source: Health facility records [paper and/ or electronic]	If "No" $=$ Red	
1.2	Does this facility offer the comprehensive AHD package onsite and, if so, does the facility capture population- and age-	Y N	
	disaggregated data to allow for all populations at high risk of AHD [i.e., newly diagnosed initiating ART, presenting with an	If "Yes" = Dark Green	
	illness requiring admission, children under five diagnosed with HIV, viremic, and returning to treatment] to be tracked	If "No" = Red	
	separately?	ii ivo neu	
	Data source: Health facility records [paper and/ or electronic]		
1.3	Does this facility capture age-disaggregated data on the AHD package, including diagnostic tests for key OIs, their prophylaxis	Y N	
	and treatment in both the paper and electronic Health Information System [HIS]?	If "Yes" = Dark Green	
		If "No" = Red	
_	Data source: Health facility records [paper and/ or electronic]		
Outco	Outcome Indicators [Aggregate data]		
1.4	Proportion of health facilities collecting and reporting at least one element of the AHD package, including diagnostic tests,	> 90% = Dark Green	
	prevention, and treatment for key OIs	80-90% = Light Green	
		60-80% = Yellow	
	Data source: Health facility records [paper and/or electronic]	< 60% or no data = Red	
1.5	Proportion of health facilities capturing age-disaggregated AHD package, including diagnostic tests, prevention, and treatment	> 90% = Dark Green	
	for key OIs in both the paper and electronic Health Information System [HIS]	80-90% = Light Green	
		60-80% = Yellow	
	Data source: Health facility records [paper and/ or electronic]	< 60% or no data = Red	

¹ Key Ols include TB and CM ² Ols prophylaxis [prevention services] include CTX, TPT and CM prophylaxis as prescribed in the national guidelines