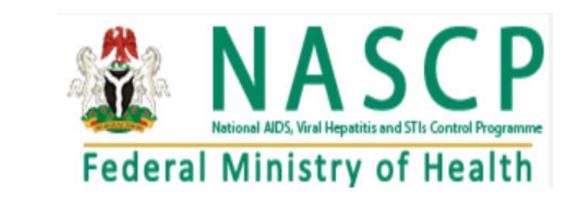


Differentiated HIV Service Delivery: Optimizing Person-Centered HIV Services in Nigeria



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BACKGROUND

Nigeria first recommended the differentiated service delivery (DSD) package of care in 2016 and joined CQUIN in November 2020. In Nigeria, DSD is coordinated via the DSD sub-committee/DSD task team. Key national guidelines include DSD-specific operational guidelines and National Quality of Care guidelines. More than 2,000 health facilities in Nigeria offer comprehensive ART services and more than 90% provide less-intensive DART. Key priorities for DSD scale-up in Nigeria include family planning, non-communicable diseases (NCDs), linkage to prevention, DSD for men, and DSD for key populations.

DSD IMPLEMENTATION

Figure 1: DSD Model Mix: Results vs. Projections

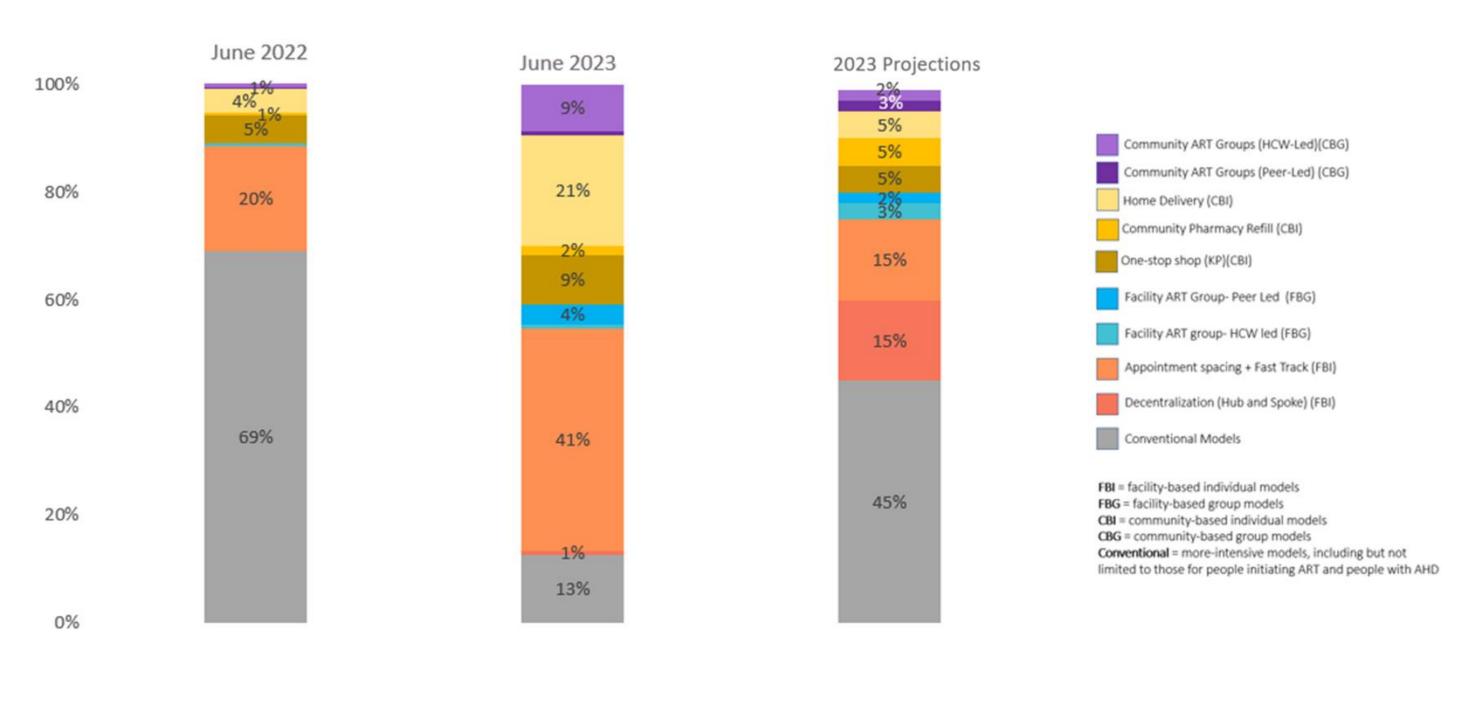
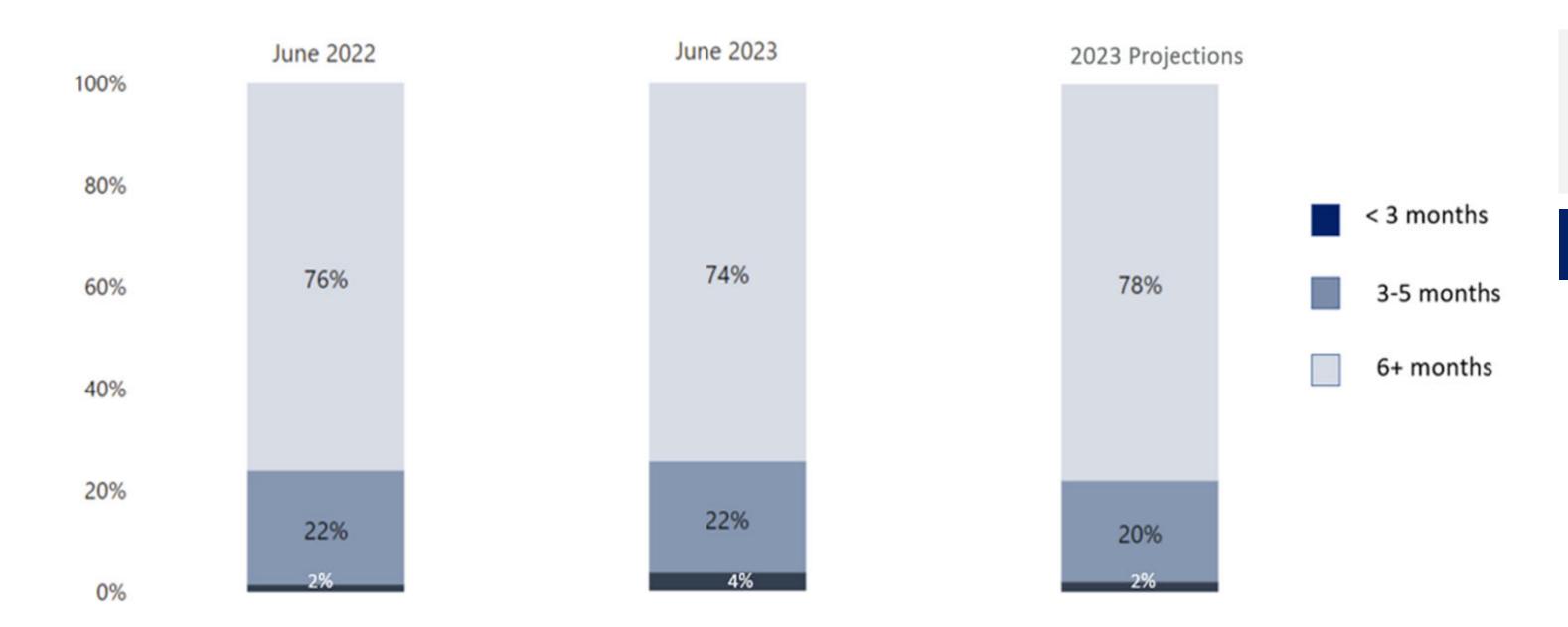


Figure 2: Multi-month Dispensing (MMD): Results vs. Projections



The more-intensive DSD models available in Nigeria include people newly initiated on treatment, advanced HIV disease (AHD), and-virally unsuppressed. There are a diverse array of less-intensive models available and less-intensive models have also expanded; for example, home delivery, one-stop shop, and CAGs.

The number of persons enrolled in less-intensive DSD models in Nigeria increased from 31% in 2022 to 87% from in 2023.

CQUIN ENGAGEMENT AND ACHIEVEMENTS

- Nigeria participates in all CQUIN communities of practice.
- This year, Nigeria participated in country-to-country exchange visits to Rwanda and Zambia. The visit to Rwanda focused on family planning integration and the visit to Zambia focused on DSD for men.
- In 2023, Nigeria conducted DSD Performance reviews in four states (Kaduna, Anambra, Lagos, and Taraba) and DSD quality of care assessments in five states (Rivers, Imo, Plateau, Kano, and Adamawa), with funding from the Global Fund.
- An important takeaway from CQUIN meetings is that the national DSD operational guidelines offer valuable guidance to recipients of care, as they address the difficulties associated with disclosing one's status to partners, resuming or adhering to drug regimens, and adopting positive lifestyle choices.

DART CAPABILITY MATURITY MODEL TRENDS (2022-2023)

Figure 3: DART Capability Maturity Model Trends (2022-2023)

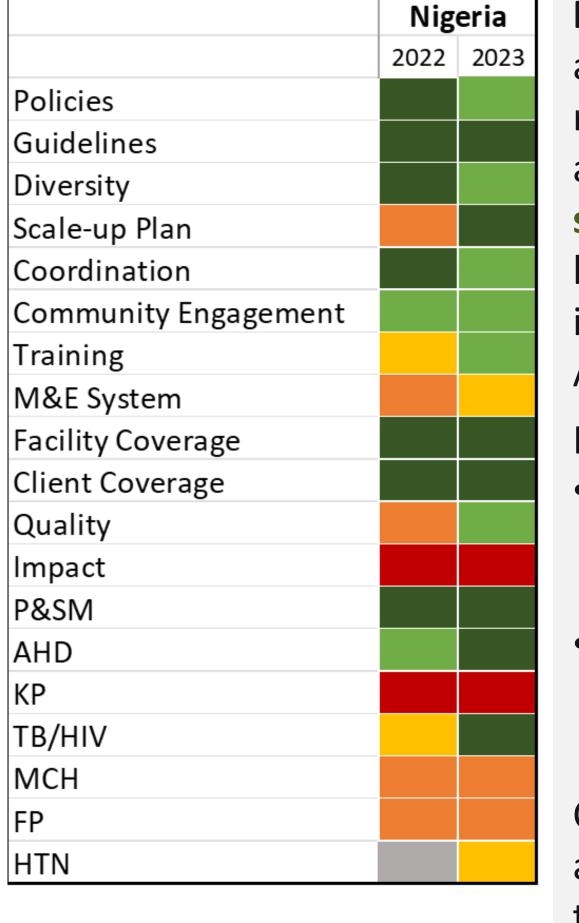


Figure 3 shows the results of the country's self-assessment using the CQUIN DART capability maturity model in 2022 and 2023. In 2023, Nigeria achieved the most mature stage (dark green) in seven domains, while two domains remained in the least mature (red) stage. Areas of improvement include DSD scale-up plan, M&E systems, Quality, AHD, TB/HIV, and HTN.

Implementation successes include:

- Adoption of additional DSD indicators in the NDR to track DSD performance. Significant progress has been made in AHD implementation and scale-up.
- Effective functioning of service delivery points due to the country's sensitization on service Integration.

Challenges include conflicting activities by the states and NASCP; changes in the political climate; and staff transfers, which have caused attrition.

AHD CAPABILITY MATURITY MODEL SELF-STAGING

Figure 4: AHD Capability Maturity Model Results, 2023



Figure 4 shows the results of the country's recent self-assessment using the CQUIN AHD capability maturity model. In 2023, Nigeria achieved the most mature stage (dark green) in **11** domains; and there is no domain in red.

dhts capability maturity model self-staging

Figure 5: dHTS Capability Maturity Model Results, 2023

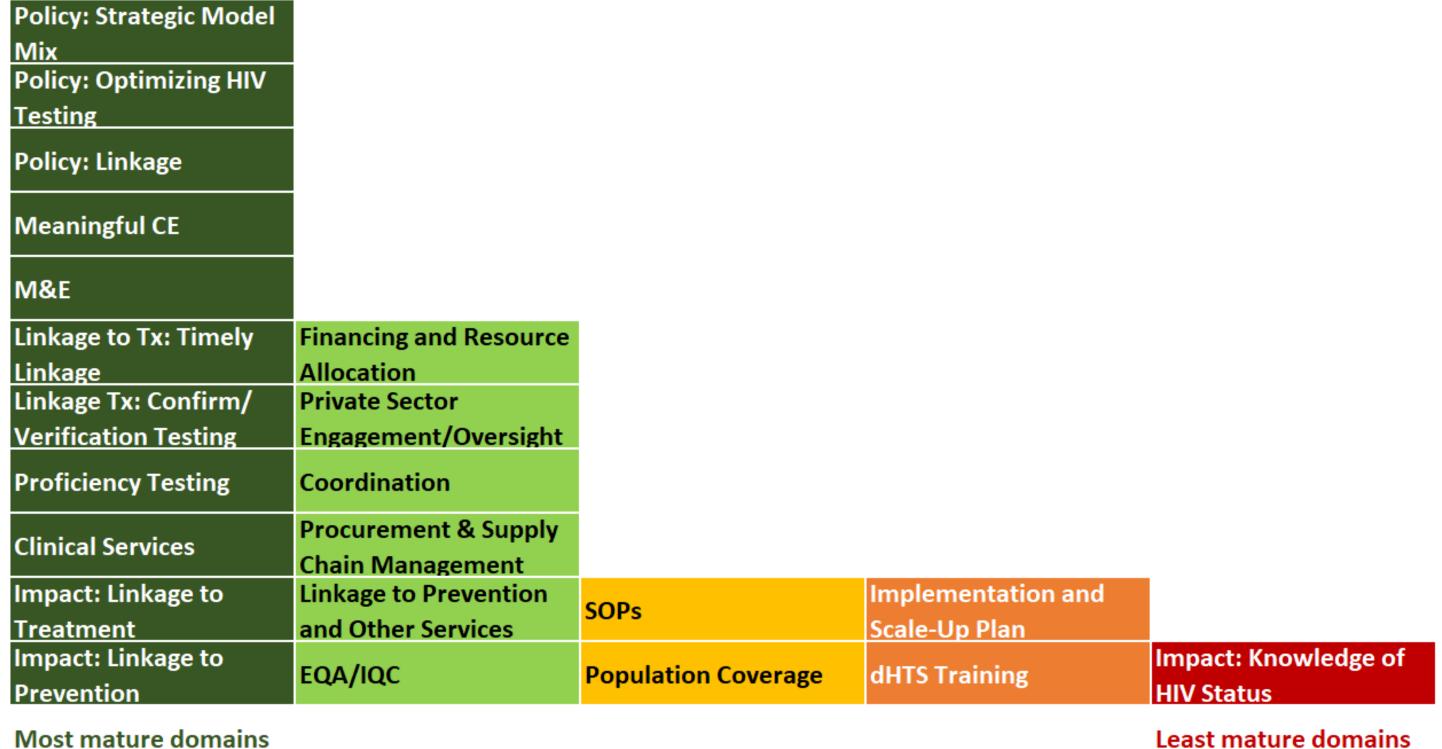


Figure 5 shows the results of the country's self-assessment in February 2023 using the COUIN dHTS canability maturity model. Nigeria achieved the most mature

the CQUIN dHTS capability maturity model. Nigeria achieved the most mature stage (dark green) in **11 domains**, while **one domain** remained in the least mature (red) stage.

NEXT STEPS / WAY FORWARD

In 2024, Nigeria will prioritize:

- Creating activities to optimize client coverage on opportunistic infection prophylaxis
- Conducting site visits focused on family planning integration and TPT implementation
- Training the national and 36+1 states' clinical mentors on DSD; and cascading DSD training to health facilities
- Including guidelines/standards for NCD screening and referral in the National Guideline for HIV Prevention, Treatment, and Care



